
**GROUP
BENEFIT
PLAN**

CITY OF ANAHEIM

Fire Safety Employees

HARTFORD LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY
DISABILITY INCOME PROTECTION COVERAGE
OUTLINE OF COVERAGE

Read Your Certificate Carefully. This outline of coverage provides a very brief description of some important features of your certificate. The certificate itself must be consulted for important details of the coverage provided. Please see the Table of Contents in the front of your Certificate for the location of the sections and provisions referred to in this outline.

- 1) Disability Income Protection Coverage. This category of coverage is designed to provide, to persons insured, benefits for disabilities resulting from a covered accident or sickness, subject to any limitations set forth in the policy. Benefits are not provided for basic hospital, basic medical-surgical, or major-medical expenses.
- 2) Benefits. The benefits provided by your coverage are indicated in the Schedule of Insurance in your Certificate. Benefit provisions are described in the Benefits section of your Certificate.
- 3) Exceptions, Reductions, and Limitations. Exceptions, reductions and limitations to your coverage are described in the Schedule of Insurance and in the Benefits section of your Certificate. In addition, exclusions and limitations, including any limitations for pre-existing conditions, are described in the Exclusions section of your Certificate.
- 4) Continuation of Coverage. Please see the provisions relating to eligibility for coverage in the Schedule of Insurance, and to continuation and termination of coverage in the Termination provision of the Benefits section of your Certificate.
- 5) Premiums/Contributions. The premium or contribution required for your coverage is shown in the Schedule of Insurance in your Certificate. Your premiums or contributions may increase or decrease as indicated in the Schedule of Insurance in your Certificate.

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PS-M-90

INSURER INFORMATION NOTICE

NOTICE REQUIREMENT

IF YOU HAVE A COMPLAINT, AND CONTACTS BETWEEN YOU AND THE INSURER OR AN AGENT OR OTHER REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INSURER HAVE FAILED TO PRODUCE A SATISFACTORY SOLUTION TO THE PROBLEM, THEN YOU MAY CONTACT:

**STATE OF CALIFORNIA INSURANCE DEPARTMENT
CONSUMER COMMUNICATIONS BUREAU
300 SOUTH STREET, SOUTH TOWER
LOS ANGELES, CA 90013**

1-800-927-HELP

THE HARTFORD'S ADDRESS AND TOLL-FREE NUMBER IS:

**THE HARTFORD GROUP BENEFIT'S DIVISION
POLICYHOLDER SERVICES, P.O. BOX 2999
HARTFORD, CT 06104-2999
TELEPHONE: 1-800-572-9047**



HARTFORD LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY
Hartford, Connecticut
(Herein called Hartford Life)

CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE

Under
The Group Insurance Policy
as of the Effective Date
Issued by
HARTFORD LIFE
to
The Policyholder

This is to certify that Hartford Life has issued and delivered the Group Insurance Policy to The Policyholder.

The Group Insurance Policy insures the employees of the Policyholder who:

- are eligible for the insurance;
- become insured; and
- continue to be insured;

according to the terms of the Policy.

The terms of the Group Insurance Policy which affect an employee's insurance are contained in the following pages. This Certificate of Insurance and the following pages will become your Booklet-certificate. The Booklet-certificate is a part of the Group Insurance Policy.

This Booklet-certificate replaces any other which Hartford Life may have issued to the Policyholder to give to you under the Group Insurance Policy specified herein.

Richard G. Costello, Secretary

John C. Walters, President

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE

Final interpretation of all provisions and coverages will be governed by the Group Insurance Policy on file with Hartford Life at its home office.

Policyholder: CITY OF ANAHEIM
Group Insurance Policy: GLT-395261
Plan Effective Date: January 1, 2010

This plan of Long Term Disability Insurance provides You with long term income protection if You become Disabled from a covered injury, sickness, Mental Illness, Substance Abuse or pregnancy. Where used in this contract, the term Disabled or Disability shall mean Total Disability or Partial Disability as defined in the Definitions Section of the Certificate.

Must You contribute toward the cost of coverage?

You do not contribute toward the cost of coverage.

Who is eligible for coverage?

Eligible Class(es): All Active Full-time Fire Safety Employees who are U.S. citizens or U.S. residents, excluding temporary and seasonal employees

Full-time Employees: 40 hours weekly

Maximum Monthly Benefit: \$13,000

Minimum Monthly Benefit: \$50

Benefit Percentage: 60%

When will You become eligible? (Eligibility Waiting Period)

If You are working for the Employer prior to the Plan Effective Date and are covered under the Prior Plan, You are eligible for coverage on the later of the Plan Effective Date or the date You enter an eligible class.

If You start working for the Employer after the Plan Effective Date, You are eligible for coverage on the first day following the date on which You complete a waiting period of 6 month(s) of continuous service.

The Elimination Period is the period of time You must be Disabled before benefits become payable. It is the last to be satisfied of the following:

1. the first 180 consecutive day(s) of any one period of Disability; or
2. with the exception of benefits required by state law, the expiration of any Employer sponsored short term disability benefits or salary continuation program.

MAXIMUM DURATION OF BENEFITS TABLE

Age When Disabled	Benefits Payable
Prior to Age 63	To Normal Retirement Age or 42 months, if greater
Age 63	36 months
Age 64	30 months
Age 65	24 months
Age 66	21 months
Age 67	18 months
Age 68	15 months
Age 69 and over	12 months

Normal Retirement Age means the Social Security Normal Retirement Age as stated in the 1983 revision of the United States Social Security Act. It is determined by Your date of birth as follows:

Year of Birth	Normal Retirement Age
1937 or before	65
1938	65 + 2 months
1939	65 + 4 months
1940	65 + 6 months
1941	65 + 8 months
1942	65 + 10 months
1943 thru 1954	66
1955	66 + 2 months
1956	66 + 4 months
1957	66 + 6 months
1958	66 + 8 months
1959	66 + 10 months
1960 or after	67

The above table shows the maximum duration for which benefits may be paid. All other limitations of the plan will apply.

ELIGIBILITY AND ENROLLMENT

Who are Eligible Persons?

All persons in the class or classes shown in the Schedule of Insurance will be considered Eligible Persons.

When will You become eligible?

You will become eligible for coverage on either:

1. the Plan Effective Date, if You have completed the Eligibility Waiting Period; or if not
2. the date on which You complete the Eligibility Waiting Period.

See the Schedule of Insurance for the Eligibility Waiting Period.

How do You enroll?

Eligible Persons will be enrolled automatically by the Employer.

WHEN COVERAGE STARTS

When does Your coverage start?

If You are not required to contribute toward the plan's cost, Your coverage will start on the date You become eligible.

DEFERRED EFFECTIVE DATE

When will coverage become effective if a disabling condition causes You to be absent from work on the date it is to start?

If You are absent from work due to:

1. accidental bodily injury;
2. sickness;
3. pregnancy;
4. Mental Illness; or
5. Substance Abuse,

on the date Your insurance or increase in coverage would otherwise have become effective, Your effective date will be deferred. Your insurance, or increase in coverage will not become effective until You are Actively at Work for one full day.

CHANGES IN COVERAGE

Do coverage amounts change if there is a change in Your class or Your rate of pay?

Your coverage may increase or decrease on the date there is a change in Your class or Monthly Rate of Basic Earnings. However, no increase in coverage will be effective unless on that date You:

1. are an Active Full-time Employee; and
2. are not absent from work due to being Disabled.

If You were so absent from work, the effective date of such increase will be deferred until You are Actively at Work for one full day.

No change in Your Rate of Basic Earnings will become effective until the date we receive notice of the change.

What happens if the Employer changes the plan?

Any increase or decrease in coverage because of a change in the Schedule of Insurance will become effective on the date of the change, subject to the Deferred Effective Date provision.

BENEFITS

When do benefits become payable?

You will be paid a monthly benefit if:

1. You become Disabled while insured under this plan;
2. You are Disabled throughout the Elimination Period;
3. You remain Disabled beyond the Elimination Period;
4. You are, and have been during the Elimination Period, under the Regular Care of a Physician; and
5. You submit proof of loss.

Benefits accrue as of the first day after the Elimination Period and are paid monthly.

Loss of License: Your failure to pass a physical examination required to maintain a license to perform the duties of Your Occupation alone, does not mean that You are Disabled. However, information relating to Your loss of license supporting Your claim for benefits may be submitted as part of Your proof of Loss.

When will benefit payments terminate?

We will terminate benefit payment on the first to occur of:

1. the date You are no longer Disabled as defined;
2. the date You fail to furnish Proof of Loss, when requested by us;
3. the date You are no longer under the Regular Care of a Physician, or refuse our request that You submit to an examination by a Physician;
4. the date You die;
5. the date determined from the Maximum Duration of Benefits Table shown in the Schedule of Insurance;
6. the date no further benefits are payable under any provision in this plan that limits benefit duration; or
7. the date You receive retirement benefits from any employer's Retirement Plan, unless:
 - a) You were receiving them prior to becoming Disabled; or
 - b) You immediately transfer the payment to another plan qualified by the United States Internal Revenue Service for the funding of a future retirement.

MENTAL ILLNESS AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE BENEFITS

Are benefits limited for Mental Illness or Substance Abuse?

If You are Disabled because of:

1. Mental Illness that results from any cause;
2. any condition that may result from Mental Illness;
3. alcoholism; or
4. the non-medical use of narcotics, sedatives, stimulants, hallucinogens, or any other such substance,

then, subject to all other Policy provisions, benefits will be payable:

1. only for so long as You are confined in a hospital or other place licensed to provide medical care for the disabling condition; or
2. when You are not so confined, a total of 24 months for all such Disabilities during Your lifetime.

RECURRENT DISABILITY

What happens if You return to work but become Disabled again?

Attempts to return to work as an Active Full-time Employee during the Elimination Period will not interrupt the Elimination Period, provided no more than 30 such return-days are taken.

Any day You were Actively at Work will not count towards the Elimination Period.

After the Elimination Period, when a return to work as an Active Full-time Employee is followed by a recurrent Disability, and such Disability is:

1. due to the same cause; or
2. due to a related cause; and
3. within 6 month(s) of the return to work,

the Period of Disability prior to Your return to work and the recurrent Disability will be considered one Period of Disability, provided the Group Insurance Policy remains in force.

If You return to work as an Active Full-time Employee for 6 month(s) or more, any recurrence of a Disability will be treated as a new Disability. A new Disability is subject to a new Elimination Period and a new Maximum Duration of Benefits. The Elimination Period and Maximum Duration of Benefits Table are in the Schedule of Insurance. The term "Period of Disability" as used in this provision means a continuous length of time during which You are Disabled under this plan.

CALCULATION OF MONTHLY BENEFIT

How are benefits calculated for Disability?

If You are Disabled after the Elimination Period, Your Monthly Benefits will be calculated as follows:

1. multiply Your Pre-disability Earnings by the Benefit Percentage shown in the Schedule of Insurance;

2. identify the Maximum Benefit shown in the Schedule of Insurance; and
3. compare the amounts determined in items (1) and (2) above, and from the lesser amount subtract:
 - a) all Other Income Benefits; and
 - b) Current Monthly Earnings.

The result is Your Monthly Benefit. Your Monthly Benefit, however, will not be less than the Minimum Monthly Benefit shown in the Schedule of Insurance.

If a reduction to Your Monthly Benefit is applied for Current Monthly Earnings, we will adjust your Pre-disability Earnings for inflation annually by the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) prior to taking that reduction. The adjustment will be made January 1st each year after you have been Disabled for 12 consecutive months, and if you are receiving benefits at the time the adjustment is made.

For the first 12 months that benefits are payable while working, We will only reduce Your Monthly Benefit by that amount of Your Current Monthly Earnings, which when combined with Your Monthly Benefit amount exceed 100% of Your Indexed Pre-disability Earnings. After 12 months We will subtract 50% of Your Current Monthly Earnings.

How is the benefit calculated for a period of less than a month?

If a Monthly Benefit is payable for less than a month, we will pay 1/30 of the Monthly Benefit for each day you were Disabled.

RETURN TO WORK INCENTIVE

How are benefits calculated if You return to limited duties during or following the Elimination Period?

For the first 12 months of a period of Partial Disability, Your Monthly Benefit will be calculated as follows:

- 1) Multiply Your Indexed Pre-disability Earnings by the Benefit Percentage;
- 2) Compare the result with the Maximum Benefit; and
- 3) From the lesser amount, deduct Other Income Benefits.

This is Your Monthly Benefit.

Your Monthly Benefit will be reduced by the amount of Your Current Monthly Earnings, which when combined with Your Monthly Benefit amount exceed 100% of Your Indexed Pre-disability Earnings.

How are benefits calculated after the 12th Monthly Benefit has been paid?

After 12 months of benefit have been paid to You for Partial Disability and for any remaining or additional periods of Partial Disability, Your Monthly Benefit will be calculated as follows:

- 1) Multiply Your Indexed Pre-disability Earnings by the Benefit Percentage;
- 2) Compare the result with the Maximum Benefit; and
- 3) From the lesser amount, deduct Other Income Benefits and 50% of Your Current Monthly Earnings.

The result is Your Monthly Benefit.

Your Monthly Benefit, however, will not be less than the Minimum Monthly Benefit shown in the Schedule of Insurance.

How is the benefit calculated for a period of less than a month?

If a Monthly Benefit is payable for less than a month, we will pay 1/30 of the Monthly Benefit for each day you were Disabled.

Benefit Percentages and Maximum Benefits are shown in the Schedule of Insurance.

VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION/ REHABILITATIVE EMPLOYMENT

What Vocational Rehabilitative services are available?

Vocational Rehabilitation means employment or services that prepare You, if Disabled, to resume gainful work. If You are Disabled, our Vocational Rehabilitative Services may help prepare You to resume gainful work.

Our Vocational Rehabilitative Services include, when appropriate, any necessary and feasible:

1. vocational testing;
2. vocational training;
3. work-place modification, to the extent not otherwise provided;
4. prosthesis; or
5. job placement.

Rehabilitative Employment means employment that is part of a program of Vocational Rehabilitation. Any program of Rehabilitative Employment must be approved, in writing, by us.

Do earnings from Rehabilitative Employment affect the Monthly Benefit?

If You are Disabled and are engaged in an approved program of Rehabilitative Employment, For the first 12 months that benefits are payable to You under this provision, the sum of Your Monthly Benefit and Your earnings received from Rehabilitative Employment may not exceed 100 % of Your Indexed Pre-disability Earnings. If it does, the Monthly Benefit will be reduced by the amount of excess. We will deduct any Other Income Benefits from the Monthly Benefit payable to You under this provision.

After 12 months of benefits have been paid under this provision, Your Monthly Benefit will be:

1. the Monthly Benefit amount payable for Total Disability; but
2. reduced by Other Income Benefits and 50% of the income received from each month of such Rehabilitative Employment

FAMILY CARE CREDIT BENEFIT

What if You must incur expenses for Family Care Services in order to participate in a program of Rehabilitative Employment?

If You are working as part of a program of Rehabilitative Employment, we will, for the purpose of calculating Your benefit, deduct the cost of Family Care from earnings received from Rehabilitative Employment, subject to the following limitations:

1. Family Care means the care or supervision of:
 - a) Your children under age 13; or
 - b) a member of Your household who is mentally or physically handicapped and dependent upon You for support and maintenance;
2. the maximum monthly deduction allowed for each qualifying child or family member is:
 - a) \$350 during the first 12 months of Rehabilitative Employment; and
 - b) \$175 thereafter,but in no event may the deduction exceed the amount of Your monthly earnings;
3. Family Care Credits may not exceed a total of \$2,500 during a calendar year;
4. the deduction will be reduced proportionally for periods of less than a month;
5. the charges for Family Care must be documented by a receipt from the caregiver;
6. the credit will cease on the first to occur of the following:
 - a) You are no longer in a program of Rehabilitative Employment; or
 - b) Family Care Credits for 24 months have been deducted during Your Disability; and
7. no Family Care provided by an immediate relative of the family member receiving the care will be eligible as a deduction under this provision. An immediate relative is a spouse, sibling, parent, step-parent, grandparent, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, son, daughter or grandchild.

Your net earnings after deducting your Family Care Credit will be used to determine your net Monthly Benefit according to the Rehabilitative Employment provision. The sum of your net Monthly Benefit and gross income from Rehabilitative Employment, before deducting your Family Care Credit, may not exceed 100% of your Indexed Pre-disability Earnings. If it does, the net Monthly Benefit will be reduced by the amount of the excess.

SURVIVOR INCOME BENEFIT

Will Your survivors receive a benefit if You should die while receiving Disability Benefits?

If You die while receiving benefits under this plan, a Survivor Benefit will be payable to:

1. Your surviving Spouse;
2. Your surviving Child(ren), in equal shares, if there is no surviving Spouse; or
3. Your estate, if there is no surviving Spouse or Child.

If a minor Child is entitled to benefits, we may, at our option, make benefit payments to the person caring for and supporting the Child until a legal guardian is appointed.

The Benefit is one payment of an amount that is 3 times the lesser of:

1. Your Monthly Benefit multiplied by the Benefit Percentage; or
2. the Maximum Monthly Benefit shown in the Schedule of Insurance.

The following terms apply to this Benefit:

"Spouse" means Your wife or husband who:

- a) is mentally competent; and
- b) was not legally separated from You at the time of Your death.

Surviving Child(ren) includes children of Your California registered domestic partner.

With respect to California residents only, "Spouse" will include an individual who is in a registered domestic partnership with the employee in accordance with California law. Reference in this form to an employee's marriage or divorce shall include his or her registered domestic partnership or dissolution of his or her registered domestic partnership.

WORKPLACE MODIFICATION BENEFIT

Will our Rehabilitation program provide for modifications to the workplace to accommodate a Disabled employee's return to work?

We will reimburse Your Employer for the expense of reasonable modifications to Your workplace to accommodate Your Disability and enable You to return to work as an Active Full-time Employee. To qualify for this benefit:

1. Your Disability must be covered by this plan;
2. the Employer must agree to make modifications to the workplace in order to reasonably accommodate Your return to work and the performance of the essential duties of Your job; and
3. any proposed modifications must be approved in writing by us.

Benefits paid for such workplace modification shall not exceed the amount equal to Your Pre-disability Earnings multiplied by the Benefit Percentage.

We have the right, at our expense, to have You examined or evaluated by:

1. a physician or other health care professional; or
2. a vocational expert or rehabilitation specialist,

of our choice so that we may evaluate the appropriateness of any proposed modification.

The Employer's costs for approved modifications will be reimbursed after:

1. the proposed modifications made on Your behalf are complete;
2. we have been provided written proof of the expenses incurred to provide such modification; and
3. You have returned to work as an Active Full-time Employee.

This Workplace Modification benefit will not be payable if:

1. the Employer does not incur any cost in making the modification;
2. we have not given written approval of the modification prior to expenses being incurred; or
3. You become self-employed, or return to work for another employer.

Workplace Modification means change in Your work environment, or in the way a job is performed, to allow You to perform, while Disabled, the Essential Duties of Your job. Payment of this benefit will not reduce or deny any benefit You are eligible to receive under the terms of this plan.

PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS LIMITATIONS

Are there any limitations on coverage?

This policy will not provide coverage for any period of Disability beginning within the first 12 months of the effective date of Your coverage under this policy if the period of Disability is caused by or substantially contributed to by a Pre-existing condition or the medical or surgical treatment of a Pre-existing condition.

You have a Pre-existing condition if:

1. You received medical treatment, care or services for a diagnosed condition or took prescribed medication for a diagnosed condition in the 3 months immediately prior to the effective date of coverage under this Policy; or
2. You suffered from a physical or mental condition, whether diagnosed or undiagnosed, which was misrepresented or not disclosed in Your application, and:
 - a. for which You received a physician's advise or treatment within 3 months before the date of Your coverage under this policy; or
 - b. which caused symptoms within 3 months before the date of issue for which a prudent person would usually seek medical advice or treatment.

CONTINUITY FROM A PRIOR PLAN

Is there continuity of coverage from a Prior Plan?

If you were:

1. insured under the Prior Plan;
2. Actively at Work; and
3. not eligible to receive benefits under the Prior Plan,

on the day before the Plan Effective Date, the Deferred Effective Date provision will not apply to you.

If you become insured under the Group Insurance Policy on the Plan Effective Date and were covered under the Prior Plan on the day before the Plan Effective Date, the Pre-existing Conditions Limitation will cease to apply on the first to occur of the following dates:

1. the Plan Effective Date, if your coverage for the Disability was not limited by a pre-existing condition restriction under the Prior Plan; or
2. if your coverage was limited by a pre-existing condition restriction under the Prior Plan, the date the restriction would have ceased to apply had the Prior Plan remained in force.

The amount of the Monthly Benefit payable for a Pre-existing Condition in accordance with the previous paragraph will be the lesser of:

1. the Monthly Benefit which was paid by the Prior Plan; or
2. the Monthly Benefit provided by this plan.

No payment shall be made after the earlier to occur of:

1. the date payments would have ceased under the Prior Plan; or
2. the date payments cease under this plan.

If you received Monthly Benefits for Disability under the Prior Plan, and:

1. you returned to work as an Active Full-time Employee before the Effective Date of this plan;
2. within 6 months of the return to work, you have a recurrence of the same Disability under this plan; and
3. there are no benefits available for the recurrence under the Prior Plan,

the Elimination Period of this plan, which would otherwise apply to the recurrence, will be waived if the recurrence would have been covered without any further Elimination Period under the Prior Plan had it remained in force.

EXCLUSIONS

What Disabilities are not covered?

The plan does not cover, and no benefit shall be paid for any Disability:

1. unless You are under the Regular Care of a Physician;
2. that is caused or contributed to by war or act of war (declared or not);
3. caused by Your commission of or attempt to commit a felony, or to which a contributing cause was Your being engaged in an illegal occupation;
4. caused or contributed to by an intentionally self-inflicted injury; or
5. for which You are eligible and receive Industrial Disability Benefits through The California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

TERMINATION

When does Your coverage terminate?

You will cease to be covered on the earliest to occur of the following dates:

1. the date the Group Insurance Policy terminates;
2. the date the Group Insurance Policy no longer insures Your class;
3. the date premium payment is due but not paid by the Employer;
4. the last day of the period for which You make any required premium contribution, if You fail to make any further required contribution;
5. the date You cease to be an Active Full-time Employee in an eligible class including:
 - a) temporary layoff;
 - b) a general work stoppage (including a strike or lockout); or
6. the date Your Employer ceases to be a Participant Employer, if applicable.

May coverage be continued during a leave of absence?

If You are granted a leave of absence, the Employer may continue Your insurance for 6 month(s) following the month coverage would have terminated subject to the following:

1. the leave authorization is in writing or is documented as a leave for military purposes;
2. the required premium must be paid;
3. Your benefit level, or the amount of earnings upon which Your benefits may be based, will be that in effect on the day before said leave commenced; and
4. such continuation will cease immediately if one of the following events should occur:
 - a) the leave terminates prior to the agreed upon date;
 - b) the termination of the Group Insurance Policy;
 - c) non-payment of premium when due by the Policyholder or You;
 - d) the Group Insurance Policy no longer insures Your class; or
 - e) Your Employer ceases to be a Participant Employer, if applicable.

Does Your coverage continue if Your employment terminates because You are Disabled?

If You are Disabled and You cease to be an Active Full-time Employee, Your insurance will be continued:

1. during the Elimination Period while You remain Disabled by the same Disability; and
2. after the Elimination Period for as long as You are entitled to benefits under the Policy.

Must premiums be paid during a Disability?

No premium will be due for You:

1. after the Elimination Period; and
2. for as long as benefits are payable.

Do benefits continue if the plan terminates?

If You are entitled to benefits while Disabled and the Group Insurance Policy terminates, benefits:

1. will continue as long as You remain Disabled by the same Disability; but
2. will not be provided beyond the date we would have ceased to pay benefits had the insurance remained in force.

Termination for any reason of the Group Insurance Policy will have no effect on our liability under this provision.

May coverage be continued during a family or medical leave?

If You are granted a leave of absence according to the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, Your Employer may continue Your insurance for up to 12 weeks, or 26 weeks if You qualify for Family Military Leave, or longer if required by state law, following the date Your coverage would have terminated, subject to the following:

1. the leave authorization must be in writing;
2. the required premium for You must be paid;
3. Your benefit level, or the amount of earnings upon which Your benefit may be based, will be that in effect on the day before said leave commenced; and
4. such continuation will cease immediately if one of the following events should occur:
 - a) the leave terminates prior to the agreed upon date;
 - b) the termination of the Group Insurance Policy;
 - c) non-payment of premium when due by the Policyholder or You;
 - d) the Group Insurance Policy no longer insures Your class; or
 - e) Your Employer ceases to be a Participant Employer, if applicable.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Time Limits on Certain Defenses: What happens if facts are misstated?

After three years from the date of issue of this Policy, no misstatement of the employer, except a fraudulent misstatement made in the application shall be used to void the Policy; and after three years from the effective date of the coverage with respect to which any claim is made no misstatement of any employee eligible for coverage under the Policy, except a fraudulent misstatement, made in an application under the Policy shall be used to deny a claim for loss incurred or disability (as defined in the Policy) commencing after expiration of such three years.

No claim for loss incurred or disability (as defined in the Policy) commencing after three years from the effective date of the insurance coverage with respect to which the claim is made shall be reduced or denied on the ground that a disease or physical condition, not excluded from coverage by name or specific description effective on the date of loss, had existed prior to the effective date of coverage with respect to which the claim is made.

Notice of Claim: When should We be notified of a claim?

Written notice of claim must be given to the insurer within 20 days after the occurrence or commencement of any loss covered by the policy, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably possible. Notice given by or on behalf of the insured or the beneficiary to Us at our offices in Hartford, Connecticut, or to any of our authorized agents, with information sufficient to identify the insured, shall be deemed notice to the insurer.

Claim Forms: Are special forms required to file a claim?

We will, upon receipt of written claim notice, furnish to You such forms as are usually furnished by us for filing proof of loss. If such forms are not furnished within 15 days after We receive written notice of claim You shall be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this policy as to proof of loss upon submitting, within the time fixed in the policy for filing proof of loss, written proof covering the occurrence, the character and the extent of the loss for which claim is made.

Proof of Loss: When must proof of Disability be given?

Written proof of loss must be furnished to Us at our offices in Hartford, Connecticut in case of a claim for loss for which this policy provides any periodic payment contingent upon continuing loss within 90 days after the termination of the period for which We are liable and in case of claim for any other loss within 90 days after the date of such loss. Failure to furnish such proof within the time required shall not invalidate nor reduce any claim if it was not reasonably possible to give proof within such time, provided such proof is furnished as soon as reasonably possible and in no event, except in the absence of legal capacity, later than one year from the time proof is otherwise required.

Physical Examinations and Autopsy: What additional proof of Disability are We entitled to?

At our Own expense, We shall have the right and opportunity to examine the person of any individual whose injury or sickness is the basis of claim when and as often as We may reasonably require during the pendency of a claim hereunder and to make an autopsy in case of death, where it is not forbidden by law.

Time Payment of Claims: When are payment checks issued?

Indemnities payable under the policy for any loss other than loss for which the policy provides periodic payments will be paid as they accrue immediately upon receipt of due written proof of such loss. Subject to due written proof of loss, all accrued indemnity for loss for which the policy provides periodic payment will be paid on a monthly basis and any balance remaining unpaid upon the termination of the period of liability will be paid immediately upon receipt of due written proof.

Payment of Claims: Who gets the benefit payments?

All payments are payable to You. Any payments owed at Your death may be paid to Your estate. If any indemnity of the policy shall be payable to Your estate or to a person or beneficiary who is a minor or otherwise not competent to give a valid release, We may pay such indemnity up to an amount not exceeding \$1000.00 to any relative by blood or connection by marriage of such person or beneficiary whom We deem to be equitably entitled thereto. Any payment We make in good faith pursuant to this provision shall fully discharge Us to the extent of such payment.

What notification will You receive if Your claim is denied?

If a claim for benefits is wholly or partly denied, You will be furnished with written notification of the decision. This written decision will:

1. give the specific reason(s) for the denial;
2. make specific reference to the Policy provisions on which the denial is based;
3. provide a description of any additional information necessary to prepare a claim and an explanation of why it is necessary; and
4. provide an explanation of the review procedure.

What recourse do You have if Your claim is denied?

On any claim, You or Your representative may appeal to us for a full and fair review. You may:

1. request a review upon written application within 180 days of the claim denial;
2. request copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to Your claim; and
3. submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to Your claim.

We will make a decision no more than 45 days after we receive Your appeal unless we determine special circumstances exist that require an extension of time to process the appeal. If Your appeal requires extension, we will make our decision no more than 90 days after we receive Your appeal. The written decision will include specific references to the Policy provisions on which the decision is based.

Legal Action: When can legal action be started?

No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on this policy prior to the expiration of 60 days after written proof of loss has been furnished in accordance with the requirements of this policy. No such action shall be brought after the expiration of three years after the time written proof of loss is required to be furnished.

What happens if benefits are overpaid?

An overpayment occurs when it is determined that the total amount we have paid in benefits is more than the amount that was due to You under the plan. This includes, but is not limited to, overpayments resulting from:

1. retroactive awards of Other Income Benefits;
2. failure to report, or late notification to us of Other Income Benefits or earned income;
3. misstatement; or
4. an error we may make.

We have the right to recover from You any amount that is an overpayment of benefits under this plan. You must refund to us the overpaid amount. We may also, without forfeiting our right to collect an overpayment through any means legally available to us, recover all or any portion of an overpayment by reducing or withholding future benefit payments, including the Minimum Monthly Benefit.

What are our subrogation rights?

If an Insured Person:

1. suffers a Disability because of the act or omission of a third party;
2. becomes entitled to and is paid benefits under the Group Insurance Policy in compensation for lost wages; and
3. does not initiate legal action for the recovery of such benefits from the third party in a reasonable period of time;

then we will be subrogated to any rights the Insured Person may have against the third party and may, at our option, bring legal action to recover any payments made by us in connection with the Disability.

How will We Determine Your Eligibility for Benefits?

We, and not Your Employer or plan administrator, have the responsibility to fairly, thoroughly, objectively and timely investigate, evaluate and determine Your eligibility for benefits for any claim You make on The Policy. We will:

- 1) obtain, with Your cooperation and authorization if required by law, only such information that is necessary to evaluate Your claim and decide whether to accept or deny Your claim for benefits. We may obtain this information from Your Notice of Claim, submitted proofs of loss, statements, or other materials provided by You or others on Your behalf; or, at Our expense We may obtain necessary information, or have You physically examined when and as often as We may reasonably require while the claim is pending. In addition, and at Your option and at Your expense, You may provide Us and We will consider any other information, including but not limited to, reports from a Physician or other expert of Your choice. You should provide Us with all information that You want Us to consider regarding Your claim;
- 2) consider and interpret The Policy and all information obtained by Us and submitted by You that relates to Your claim for benefits and make Our determination Your eligibility for benefits based on that information and in accordance with the Policy and applicable law;
- 3) if We approve Your claim, We will review Our decision to approve Your claim for benefits as often as is reasonably necessary to determine Your continued eligibility for benefits;
- 4) if We deny Your claim, We will explain in writing to You or Your beneficiaries the basis for an adverse determination in accordance with the Policy as described in the provision entitled "What notification will You receive if Your claim is denied?"

In the event We deny Your claim for benefits, in whole or in part, You can appeal the decision to Us. If You choose to appeal Our decision, the process You must follow is set forth in The Policy provision entitled "What recourse do You have if Your claim is denied?" If You do not appeal the decision to Us, then the decision will be Hartford's final decision.

DEFINITIONS

The terms listed will have these meanings.

Actively at Work

You will be considered to be actively at work with your Employer on a day which is one of your Employer's scheduled work days if you are performing, in the usual way, all of the regular duties of your job on a Full-time basis on that day. You will be deemed to be actively at work on a day which is not one of your Employer's scheduled work days only if you were actively at work on the preceding scheduled work day.

Active Full-time Employee means an employee who works for the Employer on a regular basis in the usual course of the Employer's business. The employee must work the number of hours in the Employer's normal work week. This must be at least the number of hours indicated in the Schedule of Insurance.

Any Occupation, if used in this Booklet-certificate, means an occupation in which You could reasonably be expected to perform satisfactorily in light of Your age, education, training, experience, station in life, and physical and mental capacity.

Current Monthly Earnings means the monthly earnings You receive from work You perform for Your Employer or for another employer with whom You became employed after Your Disability commenced.

Employer means the Policyholder.

Essential Duty means the substantial and material acts that are normally required for the performance of Your Usual Occupation, which cannot reasonably be omitted or modified.

To be at work for the number of hours in Your regularly scheduled workweek is also an Essential Duty.

Your Occupation or Your Usual Occupation, if used in this Booklet-certificate, means any employment, business, trade or profession and the substantial and material acts of the occupation You were regularly performing for Your employer when the disability began. Your Occupation is not necessarily limited to the specific job You performed for Your employer.

Indexed Pre-disability Earnings when used in this policy means Your Pre-disability Earnings adjusted annually by the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W).

The adjustment is made January 1st each year after You have been Disabled for 12 consecutive months, and if You are receiving benefits at the time the adjustment is made.

The term Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) means the index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers published by the United States Department of Labor. It measures on a periodic (usually monthly) basis the change in the cost of typical urban wage earners' and clerical workers' purchase of certain goods and services. If the index is discontinued or changed, We may use another nationally published index that is comparable to the CPI-W.

For the purposes of this benefit, the percentage change in the CPI-W means the difference between the current year's CPI-W as of July 31st, and the prior year's CPI-W as of July 31st, divided by the prior year's CPI-W.

Mental Illness means any psychological, behavioral or emotional disorder or ailment of the mind, including physical manifestations of psychological, behavioral or emotional disorders, but excluding demonstrable, structural brain damage.

Monthly Benefit means a monthly sum payable to you while you are Disabled, subject to the terms of the Group Insurance Policy.

Monthly Rate of Basic Earnings means your regular monthly rate of pay, including shift differential, hourly and bi-weekly incentive pay, from the Employer just prior to the date you become Disabled:

1. including contributions you make through a salary reduction agreement with the Employer to:
 - a) an Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(k), 403(b) or 457 deferred compensation arrangement;
 - b) an executive non qualified deferred compensation arrangement; or
 - c) a salary reduction arrangement under an IRC Section 125 plan; and
2. not including bonuses, commissions, overtime pay or expense reimbursements for the same period as above.

Other Income Benefits mean the amount of any benefit for loss of income, provided to You as a result of the Disability for which You are claiming benefits under this plan. This includes any such benefits that are paid to You or to a third party on Your behalf. This includes the amount of any benefit for loss of income from:

1. the United States Social Security Act, Civil Service Retirement System, the Railroad Retirement Act, the Jones Act, the Canada Pension Plan, the Quebec Pension Plan or similar plan or act that You are eligible to receive because of Your Disability;
2. the Veteran's Administration or any other governmental agency for the same Disability;
3. any governmental law or program that provides disability benefits as a result of Your job with the Employer;
4. salary continuation or sick pay;
5. the portion of a settlement or judgment, minus associated costs, of a lawsuit that represents or compensates for Your loss of earnings;
6. any temporary disability benefits under a workers' compensation law, occupational disease law, or similar law.

Other Income Benefits also means the amount of any benefit for loss of income, provided to Your family from the United States Social Security Act, The Railroad Retirement Act, the Canada Pension Plan, the Quebec Pension Plan or similar plan or act that Your family is eligible to receive as a result of the Disability for which You are claiming benefits under this plan.

You will not be required to claim any retirement benefits which You may only get on a reduced basis.

Any general increase in benefits required by law that You are entitled to receive under any Federal Law will not reduce the Long Term Disability Benefit payable for a period of Total Disability that began prior to the date of such increase.

If You are paid Other Income Benefits in a lump sum, We will pro rate the lump sum:

1. over the period of time it would have been paid if not paid in a lump sum; or
2. if such period of time cannot be determined over a period of 24 months.

We may require:

1. Your signed statement identifying all Other Income Benefits; and
2. proof that You and Your family have duly applied for all Other Income Benefits We reasonably believe You or Your family are entitled to or eligible to receive as a result of the Disability for which You are claiming benefits under this plan.

You will be required to apply for Social Security disability benefits when the length of Your Disability meets the minimum duration required to apply for such benefits. You will be required to apply within 45 days from the date of Our request. If the Social Security Administration denies Your eligibility for benefits, You will be required:

- 1) to follow the process established by the Social Security Administration to reconsider the denial; and
- 2) if denied again, to request a hearing before an Administrative Law Judge of the Office of Hearing and Appeals if such action can reasonably be expected to result in an award.

If You are eligible for benefits under The Canadian Pension Plan, The Quebec Pension Plan, Railroad Retirement Act, or other similar government plan You will be required to apply for such benefits if such action can reasonably be expected to result in such an award. You will be required to pursue those benefits You are eligible to receive with reasonable diligence.

If Your disability was caused by a work injury, You will be required to apply for Workers' Compensation benefits with Your employer if such action can reasonably be expected to result in such an award. You will be required to pursue those benefits with reasonable diligence.

If You are eligible for benefits from California State Disability Insurance or disability insurance from another state, You will be required to apply for California State Disability Insurance or disability insurance from another state if such action can reasonably be expected to result in such an award. You will be required to pursue those benefits with reasonable diligence.

We will use any reasonable means to estimate the amount of Other Income Benefits payable under the Social Security Administration's Disability Income Program, the Canadian Pension Plan, The Quebec Pension Plan or any similar plan or act if We reasonably believe You or Your family are entitled or eligible to receive them but You or Your family have not applied; or failed to pursue them with reasonable diligence; or You have failed to provide Us with proof that You or Your family have applied for and reasonably pursued these benefits. We will deduct the estimated amount of this benefit from Your Monthly Benefit payable under this plan even if You or Your family are not receiving these benefits.

We will use any reasonable means to estimate the amount of temporary disability benefits payable to You under a workers compensation law or any other occupational disease law or similar act; or the amount of benefits payable to You under any statutory benefit law, plan or act if We reasonably believe You are entitled or eligible to receive them but You have not applied; or failed to pursue them with reasonable diligence; or failed to provide Us with proof that You have applied for and reasonably pursued these benefits. We will deduct the estimated amount of these benefits from Your Monthly Benefit payable under this plan even if You are not receiving these benefits.

Physician means a person who is:

1. a doctor of medicine, osteopathy, psychology or other healing art recognized by us;
2. licensed to practice in the state or jurisdiction where care is being given; and
3. practicing within the scope of that license.

Pre-disability Earnings means your Monthly Rate of Basic Earnings in effect on the day before you became Disabled.

Prior Plan means the long term disability insurance carried by the Employer on the day before the Plan Effective Date.

Regular Care of a Physician means you are attended by a Physician, who is not related to you:

1. with medical training and clinical experience suitable to treat your disabling condition; and
2. whose treatment is:
 - a) consistent with the diagnosis of the disabling condition;
 - b) according to guidelines established by medical, research and rehabilitative organizations; and
 - c) administered as often as needed,

to achieve the maximum medical improvement.

Partial Disability or Partially Disabled means You are not Totally Disabled, and while actually working in an occupation, as a result of sickness or injury, You are unable to engage with reasonable continuity in that or any other occupation in which You could reasonably be expected to perform satisfactorily in light of Your age, education, training, experience or station in life, and physical and mental capacity.

Retirement Plan means a defined benefit or defined contribution plan that provides benefits for Your retirement and which is not funded wholly by Your contributions. It does not include:

1. a profit sharing plan;
2. thrift, savings or stock ownership plans;
3. a non-qualified deferred compensation plan; or
4. an individual retirement account (IRA), a tax sheltered annuity (TSA), Keogh Plan, 401(k) plan or 403(b) plan.

Substance Abuse means the pattern of pathological use of alcohol or other psychoactive drugs and substances characterized by:

1. impairments in social and/or occupational functioning;
2. debilitating physical condition;
3. inability to abstain from or reduce consumption of the substance; or
4. the need for daily substance use to maintain adequate functioning.

Substance includes alcohol and drugs but excludes tobacco and caffeine.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled: means during the Elimination Period and for the next 24 month(s), as a result of injury or sickness, You are unable to perform with reasonable continuity the Essential Duties necessary to pursue Your occupation in the usual or customary way.

After that, as a result of injury or sickness You are unable to engage with reasonable continuity in Any Occupation.

We, us or our means the Hartford Life and Accident Insurance Company.

You, your, Insured Person means the Insured Person to whom this Booklet-certificate is issued.

**The Plan Described in this Booklet
is Insured by the**

Hartford Life and Accident Insurance Company
Hartford, Connecticut

Member of The Hartford Insurance Group